

APOCHROMATIC CONDENSER

[0001] The invention is directed to an optical system with reduced chromatic aberration, particularly for use in microscopes for imaging the light source in the aperture diaphragm of a condenser.

[0002] Generally, an optical assembly, a so-called collector lens, which corresponds to a collecting field lens, or a collector which comprises a plurality of lenses is used in imaging optical devices, particularly microscopes, for magnified imaging of the light source in the aperture diaphragm of a condenser and for illuminating the image field. The collector lens, or collector, is usually arranged directly in front of the light source.

[0003] It is known, for example, to use achromatic collector assemblies which comprise five lenses and in which the chromatic longitudinal aberration is reduced by about half compared to a non-achromatic collector with the same focal length.

[0004] Therefore, it is the object of the invention to provide an optical system in which existing collector assemblies can be used and in which the chromatic aberration of a collector assembly is corrected to a great extent.

[0005] According to the invention, the above-stated object is met by an optical system comprising a collector assembly and an apochromaticizing adapter assembly which is associated with the collector assembly.

[0006] The apochromaticizing adapter assembly substantially reduces the chromatic aberration of the collector assembly and accordingly achieves the high aperture required on the lamp side for achieving the desired excellent efficiency.

[0007] The adapter assembly comprises three lenses, for example. Of these three lenses, one lens having negative power is arranged between two lenses having positive power. These three lenses are advantageously separated from one another by air gaps, and the lens surfaces facing the air gaps have identical radii.

[0008] In a special construction, the two lenses having positive power can also be constructed identically with respect to their other optical characteristics.

[0009] The adapter assembly can be combined with different collector assemblies, for example, also with collector assemblies having only two collecting lenses.

[0010] For purposes of selectively combining the adapter assembly with different collector assemblies so that the chromatic aberration of a collector assembly can always be reduced, it is particularly advantageous when means are provided for detachably connecting the adapter assembly to the respective collector assemblies that are provided. In this way, existing collector assemblies can be adapted to specific requirements for image quality with the aid of the adapter assembly without having to produce a high-quality collector assembly separately for every special requirement.

[0011] Means for detachably connecting optical assemblies are known from the prior art and, when adapted in construction in a corresponding manner, can also easily be designed for connecting an adapter assembly to a specific collector assembly to be used.

[0012] The optical system according to the invention is preferably designed for wavelengths in the range of 365 nm to 644 nm.

[0013] The invention will be described more fully in the following with reference to an embodiment example shown in the accompanying drawings.

[0014] Fig. 1 shows a schematic view of the optical system, according to the invention, which has a collector assembly and an adapter assembly;

[0015] Fig. 2 shows a graph which illustrates the chromatic aberration of the collector assembly from Fig. 1 without an adapter assembly and the chromatic aberration of the optical system, according to the invention, shown in Fig. 1 which comprises the collector assembly and the adapter assembly.

[0016] Fig. 1 shows the optical system, according to the invention, with an adapter assembly 1, by way of example, which has three lenses 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 and a collector assembly 2 having two lenses 2.1 and 2.2.

[0017] In this system, the adapter assembly 1 is arranged on the light source side and the collector assembly 2 is arranged on the image side. The optically active lens surfaces for the two assemblies are designated consecutively by a to k, starting on the object side.

[0018] In this embodiment example, lenses 1.1 and 1.3 of the adapter assembly 1 are constructed identically, both having positive power, and also with their other optical characteristics being identical. On the other hand, lens 1.2 has negative power.

[0019] Further, the three lenses 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 are separated from one another by air gaps 3 and 4. The lens surfaces b and c, d and e which face the air gaps each have the same radius of curvature.

[0020] The two lenses 2.1 and 2.2 of the collector assembly 2 have positive power.

[0021] The optical system according to the invention which is described above advantageously has the following parameters:

Assembly	Surface	Radius r	Thickness d	Refractive index n_e	Abbe Number v_e	Diameter
Adapter	a	130	5	1.552320	63.45999	27.38334
	b	-24				27.38454
	c	-24	3	1.647690	33.849998	26.79942
	d	24				26.76505
	e	24	5	1.552320	63.459999	27.77575
	f	-130				27.75754
Collector			10			
	g	25.119	5.8	1.522490	59.480000	28.39285
	h	-54.247				28.24928
	i	12.232	7.2	1.458464	67.821443	22.63967
	k	141.25				22.56214

[0022] In a particularly advantageous manner, the adapter assembly 1 and the collector assembly 2 are connected to one another by a mechanical coupling device which is constructed in such a way that the two assemblies can be detached from one another without auxiliary devices, or with auxiliary devices that are easy to handle, so that it is also possible to

use the adapter assembly 1 for combining with and connecting to other collector assemblies in order to achieve the same or similar optical effects with respect to the correction of the chromatic aberration as are accomplished in the selected embodiment example with the collector assembly 2.

[0023] The mechanical coupling device is not shown in the drawing but can be assumed in different constructions with correspondingly adapted design from the prior art.

[0024] The effect that is achieved through the association of the adapter assembly 1 with the collector assembly 2 in the embodiment example is shown in Fig. 2. In the graph, the focus deviations in μm are plotted on the x coordinate and the wavelength, likewise in μm , is plotted in the y direction. Of the two curves shown in the graph, curve 5 shows the chromatic aberration of the collector assembly 2 without the adapter assembly 1 and its correcting action.

[0025] Curve 6 shows to what extent the chromatic aberration is reduced when the collector assembly 2 is associated with the adapter assembly 1 in the manner described above.

Reference Numbers

1	adapter assembly
1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4	lenses
2	collector assembly
2.1, 2.2	lenses
3, 4	air gaps
5, 6	curves
a, b, c, d, e, f	
g, h, i, k	lens surfaces